PITT | SWANSON ENGINEERING
INDUSTRIAL

HARVARD
School of Engineering and Applied Sciences

CAMCA
Center for Advanced Medical Computing and Analysis

RODS: Robust Optimization Inspired Diffusion Sampling for Detecting and Reducing Hallucination in Generative Models

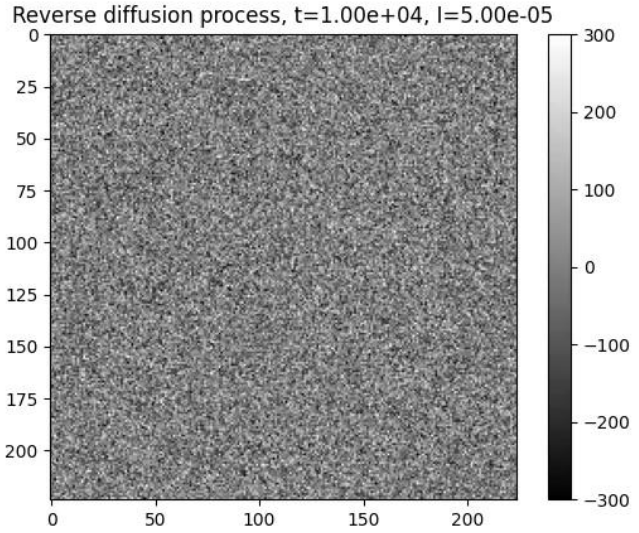
Yiqi Tian [*1,2], Pengfei Jin[*1], Mingze Yuan[1,3], Na Li[3], Bo Zeng [†2], and Quanzheng Li[†1]

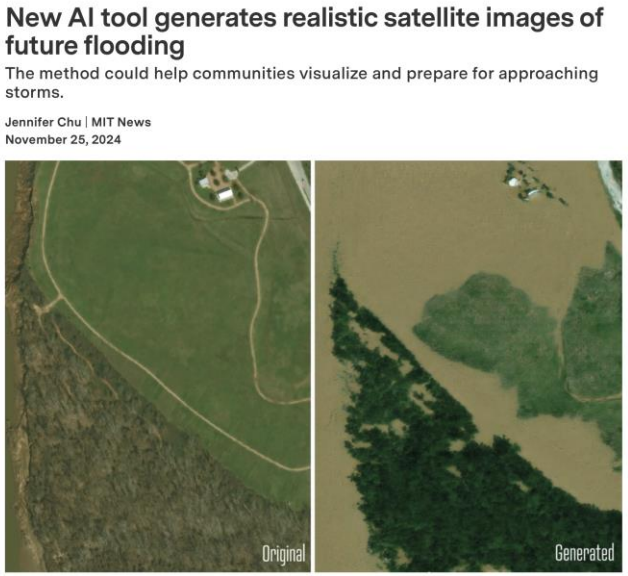
[1]Center for Advanced Medical Computing and Analysis, Massachusetts General Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02114
[2]Department of Industrial Engineering, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA 15261
[3]School of Engineering and Applied Sciences, Harvard University, Boston, MA 02138

Background and Motivation

- **Hallucination in Diffusion Model**

Handiffuser, Narasimhaswamy, S et al., CVPR 2024





Related Work

- **Fine-tuning**
- **Filtering**
- **heuristic modification**

- **Limitation**
  - **Lack of theoretical guidance**
  - **Lack of benchmark**

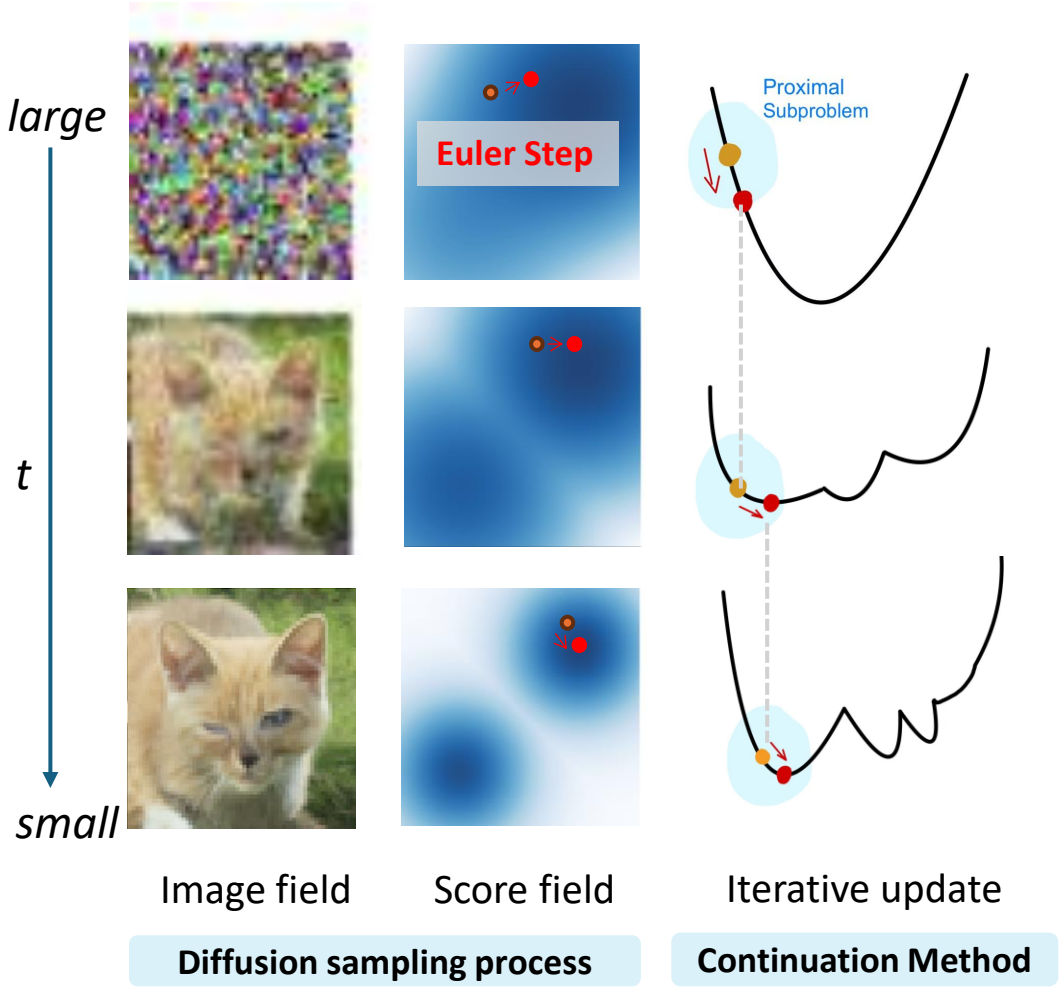
PITT | SWANSON ENGINEERING
INDUSTRIAL

HARVARD
School of Engineering and Applied Sciences

CAMCA
Center for Advanced Medical Computing and Analysis

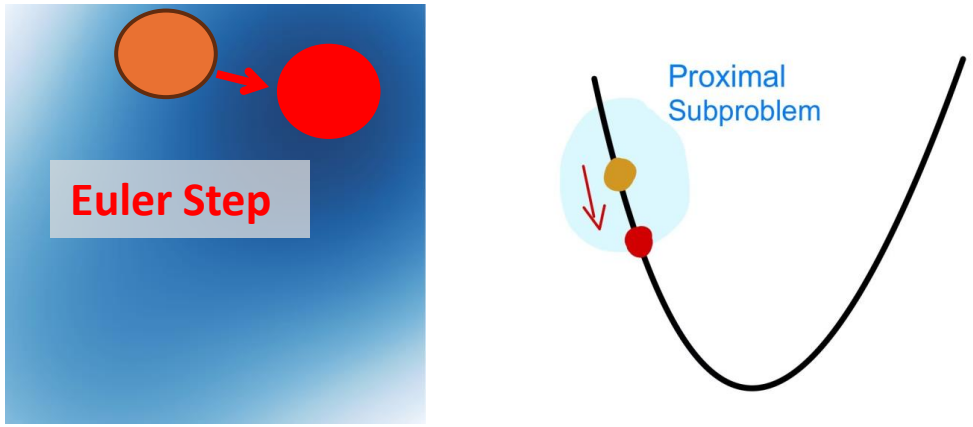
Theory & Methods

An Optimization View of Diffusion Sampling Process



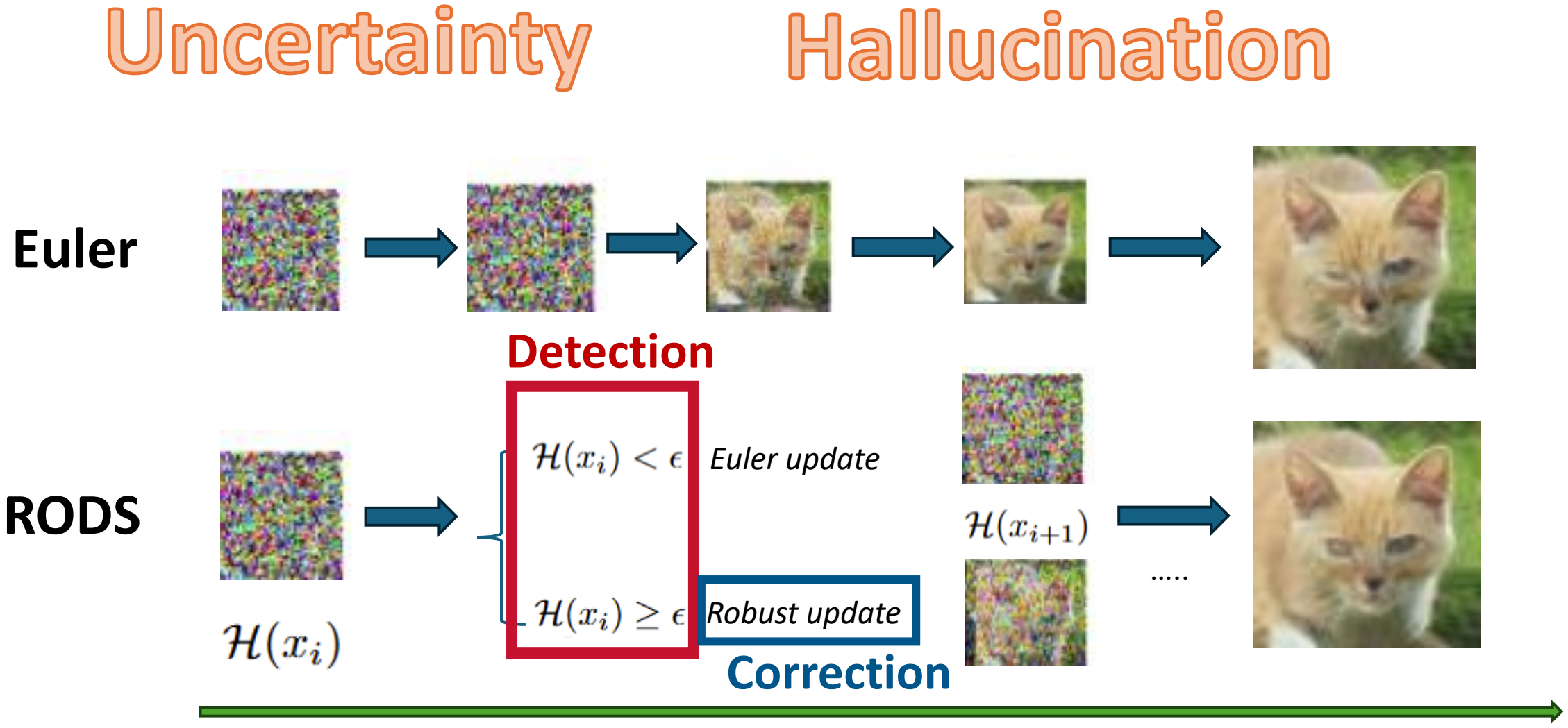
Diffusion sampling via ODE = continuation method

Euler = One-Step Gradient = Proximal Update

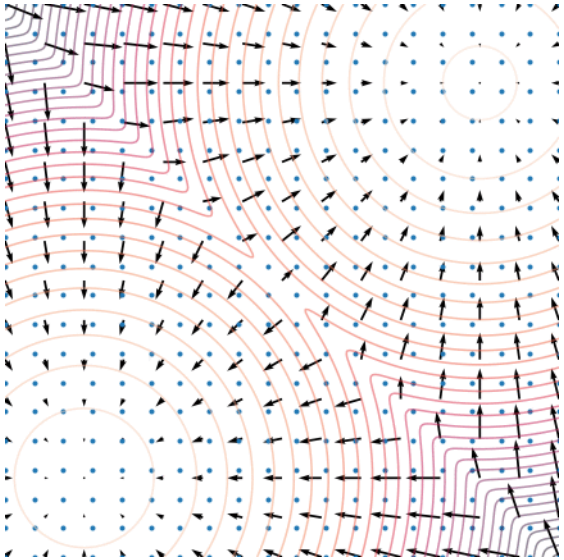


Inspiration: Leveraging various optimization tools

RODS: Robust Optimization inspired Diffusion Sampler

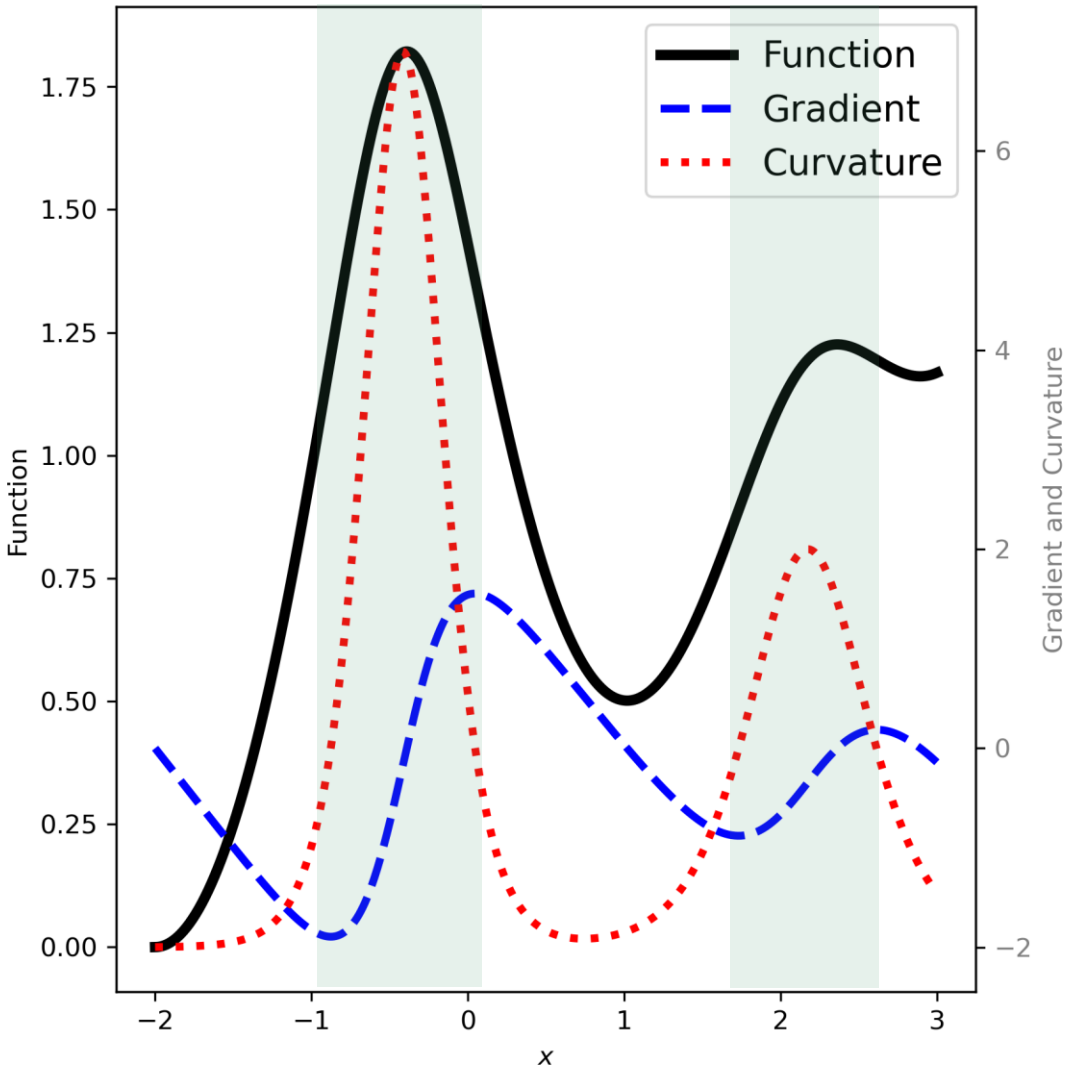


RODS: Robust Optimization inspired Diffusion Sampler



Low-density region
Unstable score field

Rapid gradient change
High curvature



- **Curvature Change Detection**
  - Hallucination Index:

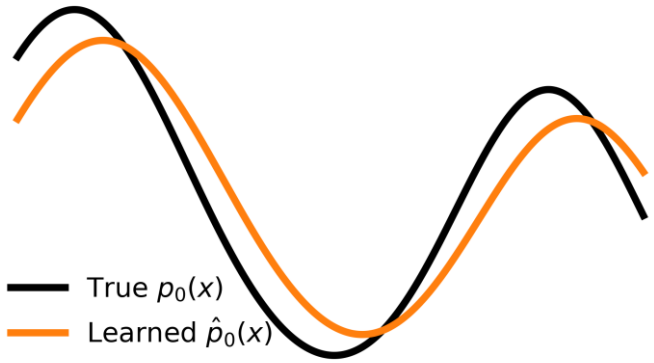
$$\mathcal{H}(x) = \|\nabla_x \|v(x+\delta)\| - \nabla_x \|v(x)\|\|,$$

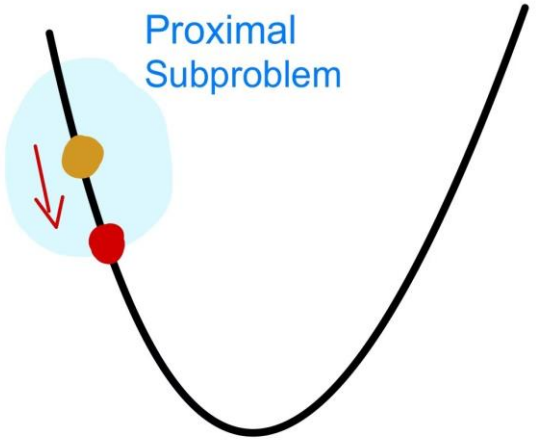
$$\delta = \arg\max_{\|\delta\|=\rho} \|v(x+\delta)\|,$$

RODS: Robust Optimization inspired Diffusion Sampler

- **Robust Sampling Process**

$$\min_x \; f_t(x) \iff \min_x \big[-\log p_t(x)\big].$$





$$\min_x \; \max_{\hat{f}_t \in \mathcal{F}_t} \hat{f}_t(x) \iff \min_x \; \max_{\hat{p}_t \in \mathcal{P}_t} [-\log \hat{p}_t(x)]$$

Euler =
One-Step Gradient =
Proximal Update

PITT | SWANSON ENGINEERING
INDUSTRIAL

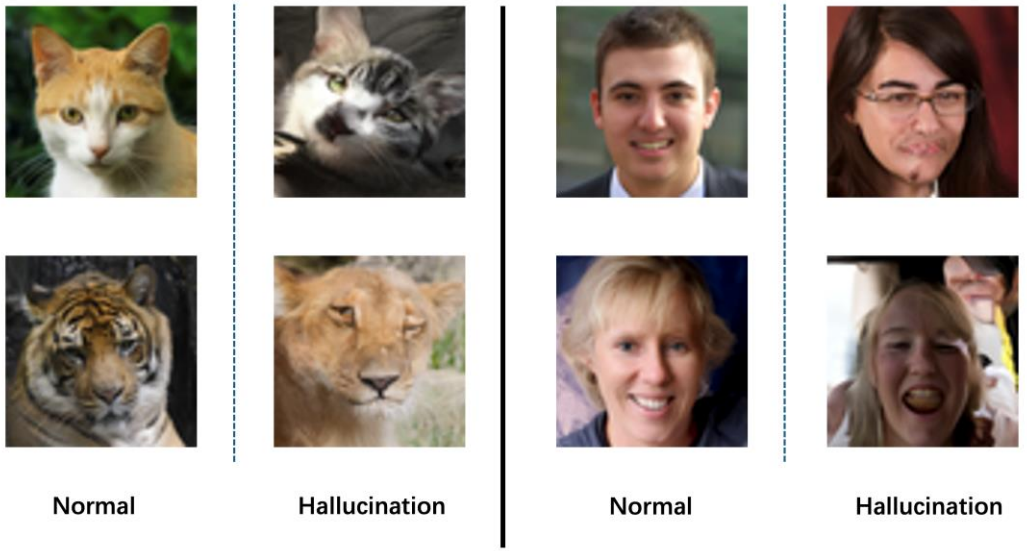
HARVARD
School of Engineering and Applied Sciences

CAMCA
Center for Advanced Medical Computing and Analysis

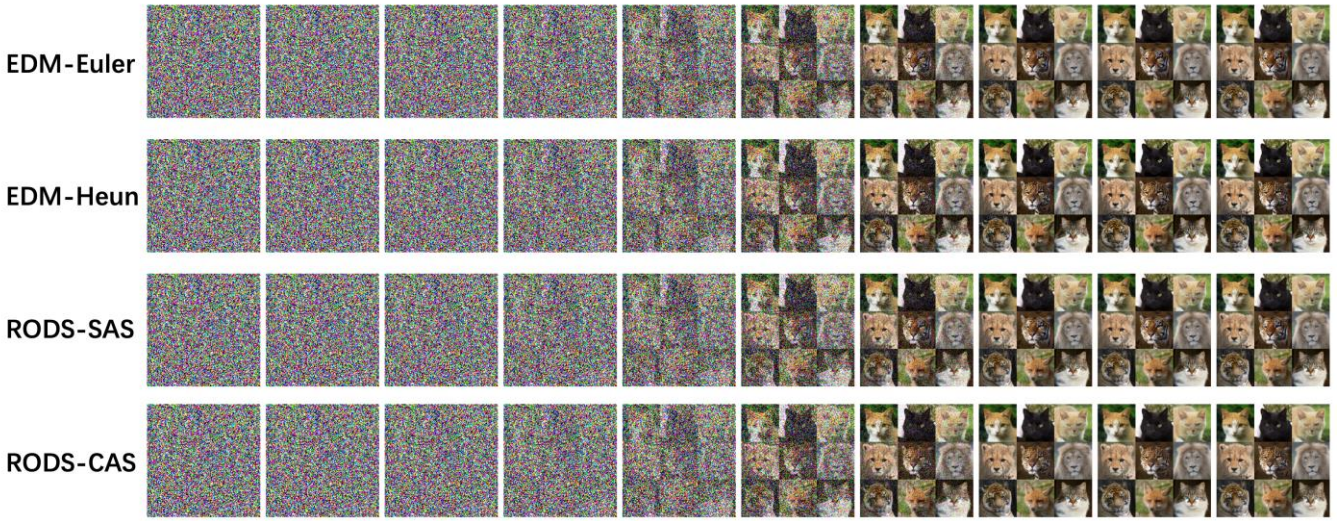
Experiments & Conclusion

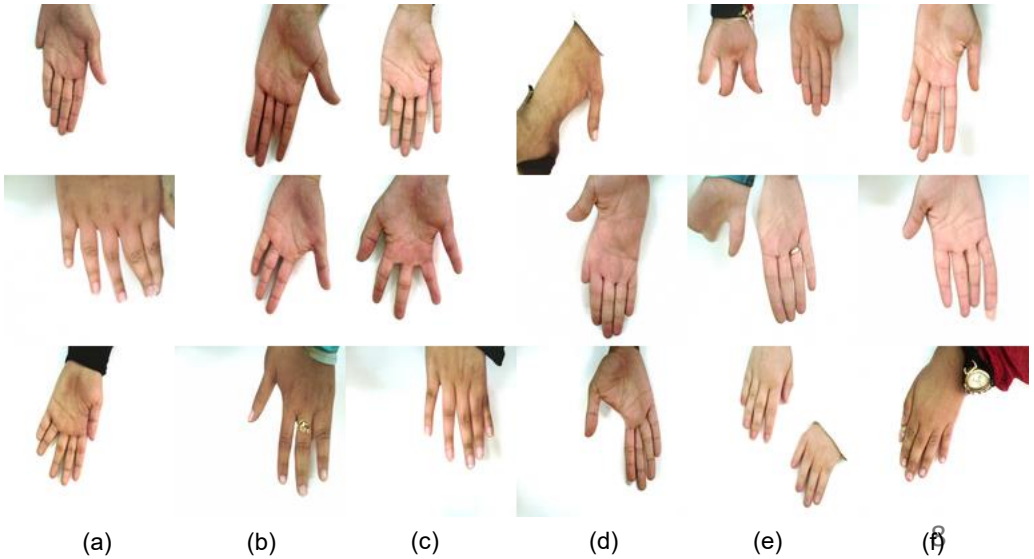
Experiment Setting

- **Datasets:**
  - **AFHQ-v2**
  - **FFHQ**
  - **11k-hands**



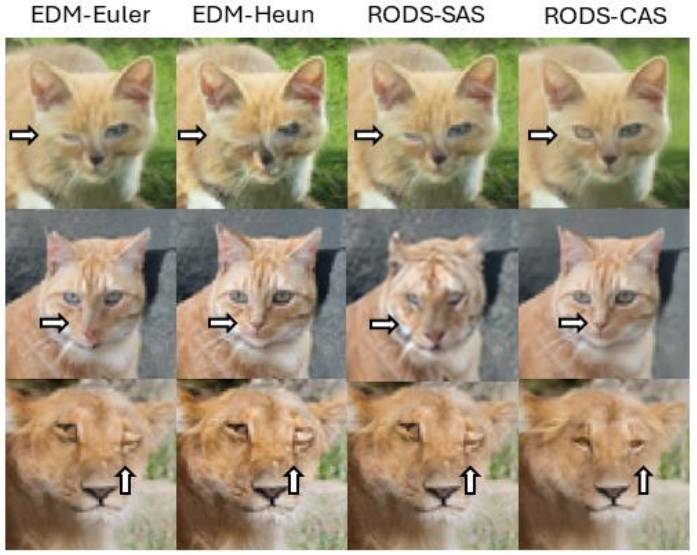
- **Labeling by human**

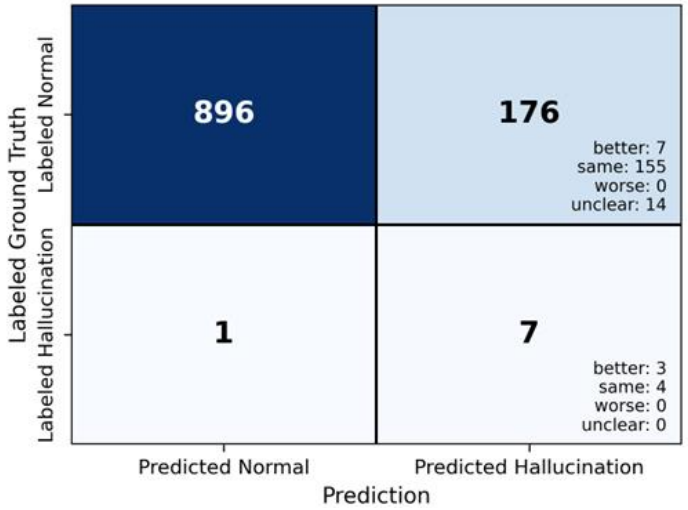


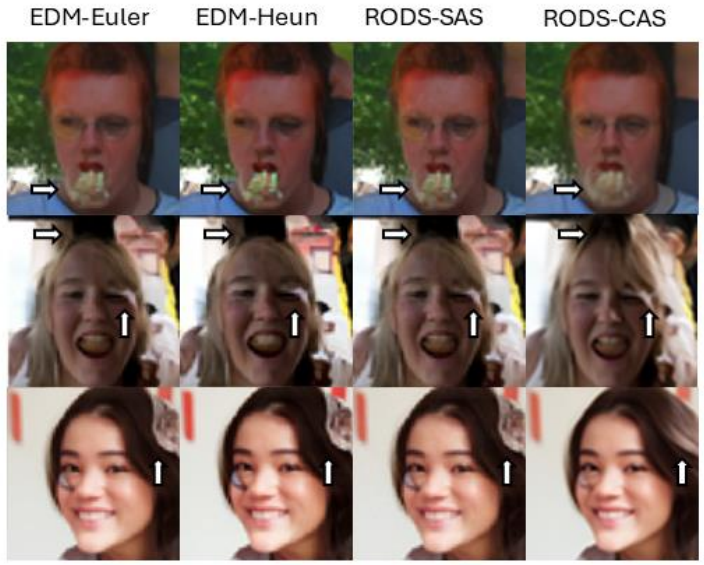


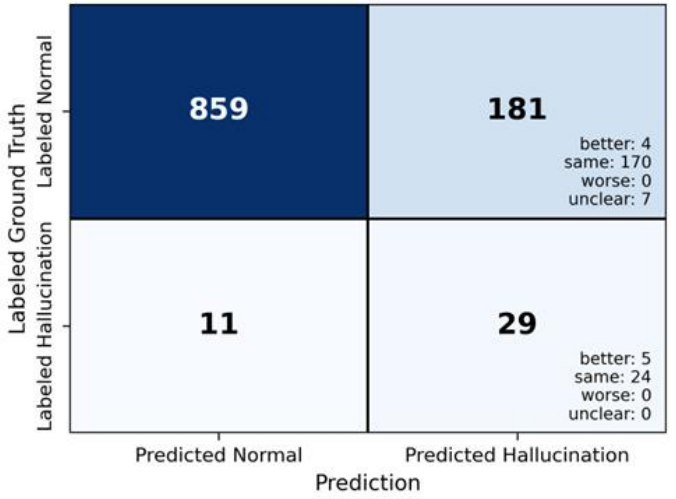
Experiment Results

- **Effective Detection**
  - Animal Face: 87.5%
  - Human Face: 72.5%
  - Hands: 96.6%
- **Reduces hallucination**
  - Animal Face: 43%
  - Human Face: 25%
  - Hands: 27%
- **No new hallucinations introduced**





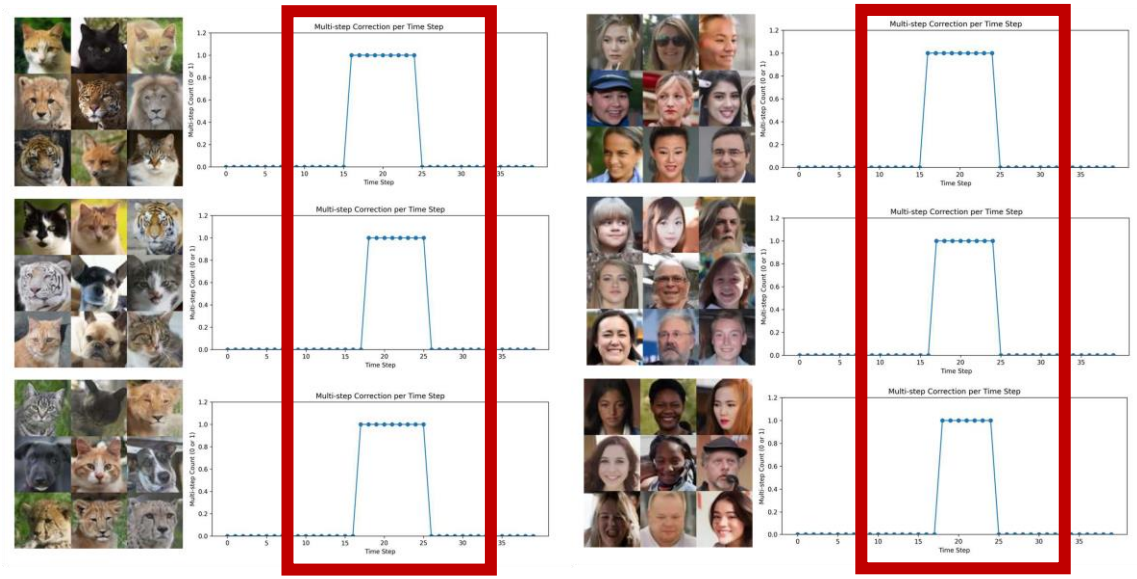


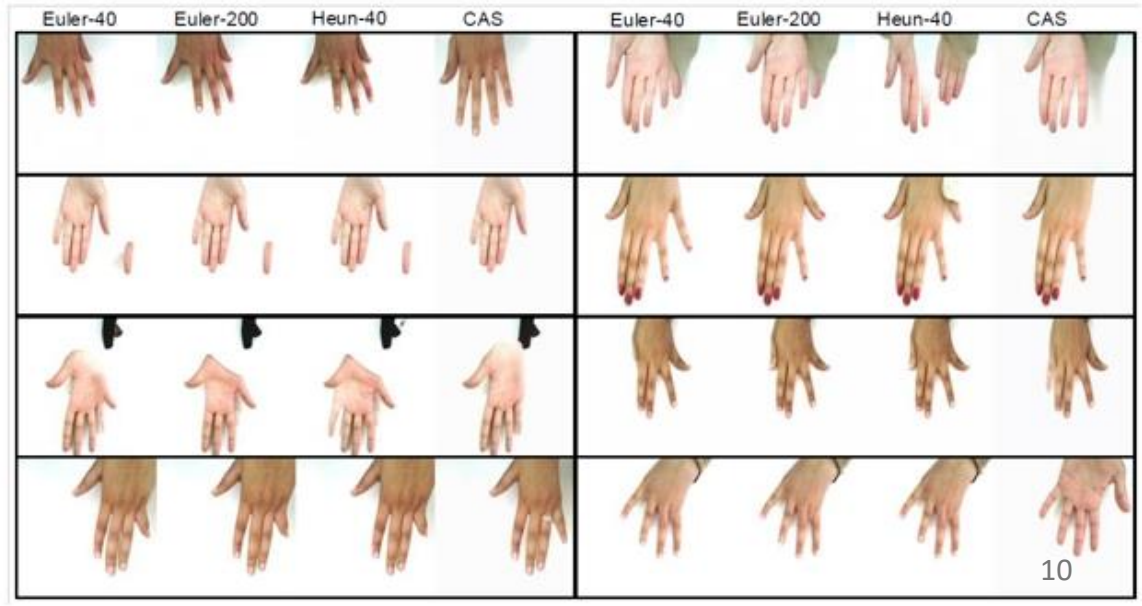


Experiment Results

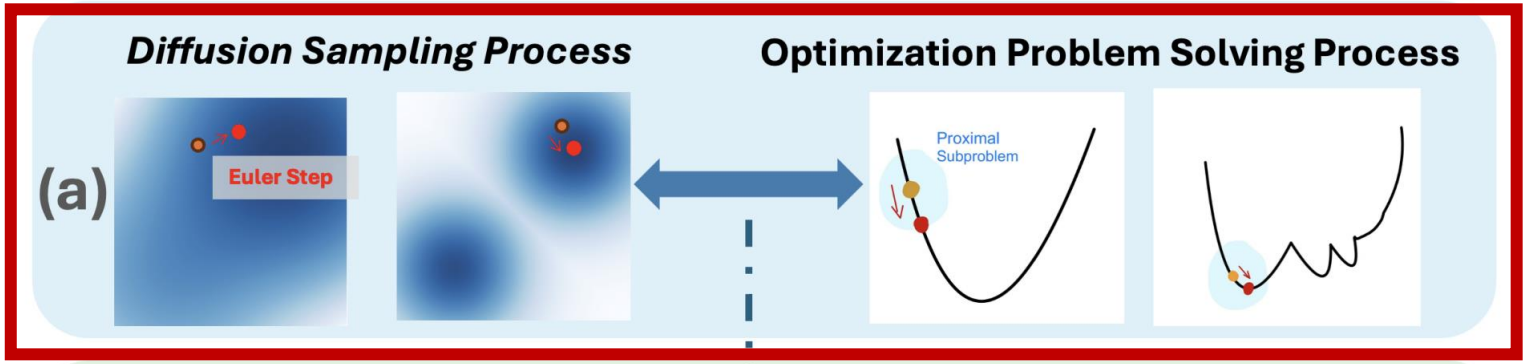
- **Hallucination occur in the middle**
- **Keep Comparable Time**

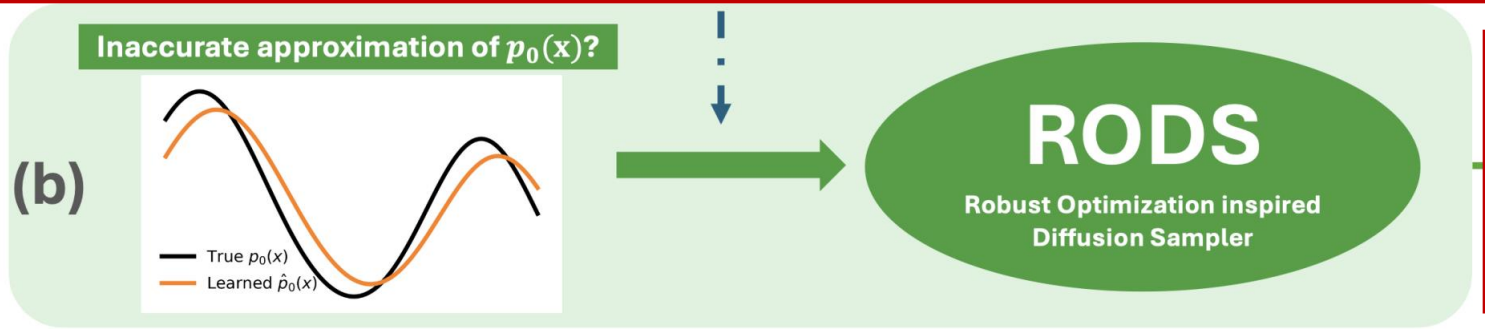
Metric	EDM-Euler	EDM-Heun	RODS-CAS
Hall.% ↓	19.4%	18.0%	**14.3%**
Correction % ↑	N/A	17.7%	**26.3%**
New Hall. % ↓	N/A	2.5%	**0.0%**
Time (s)	**2.71**	5.38	4.82





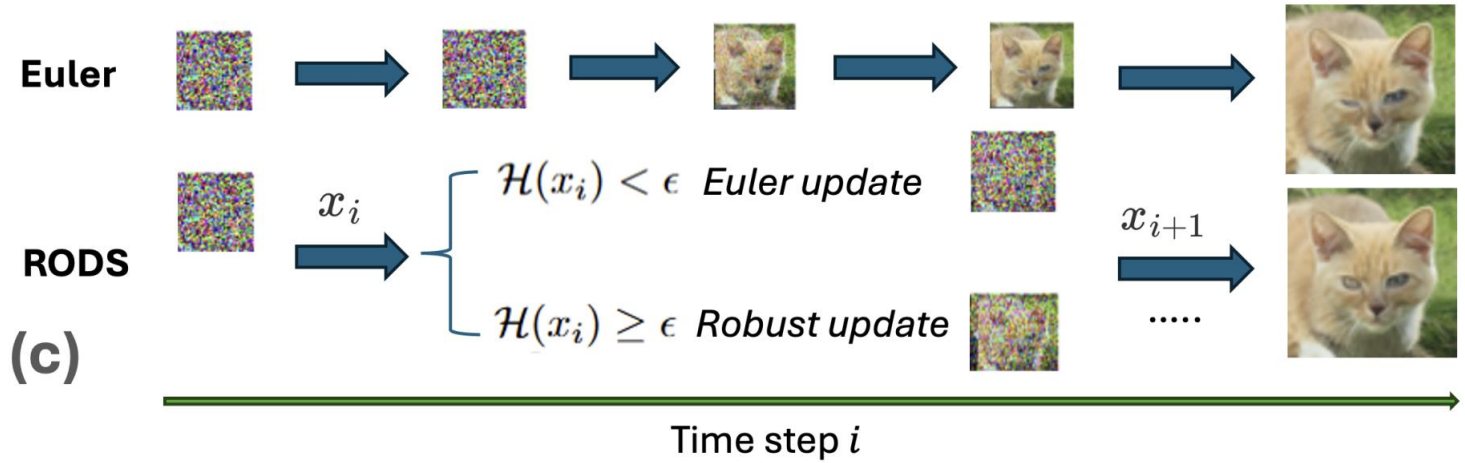
Conclusion





Curvature Change Detection

Robust Update Correction



Paper